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## **AMENDMENT**

Please amend the application as indicated hereafter.

## In the Claims:

1. (canceled)A method of manufacturing a contact, comprising the steps of:
providing a substrate having a first conductive layer and a dielectric layer thereon,
wherein the dielectric layer has a contact opening that exposes a portion of the first
conductive layer;

forming a conductive nano-particle layer on the exposed surface of the first conductive layer; and

forming a second conductive layer inside the contact opening to cover the conductive nano-particle layer.

- 2. (canceled)The method of claim 1, wherein the conductive nano-particle layer comprises a metallic nano-particle layer.
- 3. (canceled)The method of claim 1, wherein the conductive nano-particle layer comprises a silicon nano-particle layer.
- 4. (canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein the nano-particles inside the conductive nano-particle layer has an average size smaller than 100 nanometers.
- 5. (canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein after the step of forming the conductive nano-particle layer, furthermore comprises performing an annealing process.
- 6. (canceled)The method of claim 5, wherein the annealing process is performed at a

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temperature between about 50°C to 300°C.

- 7. (canceled)The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the nano-particle layer includes performing a charge adsorption process, comprising the steps of: immersing the substrate with the contact opening already formed thereon in a solution, wherein the solution contains dispersed conductive nano-particles; and passing a direct current into the solution so that the conductive nano-particles are adsorbed and adhered to the surface of the first conductive layer.
- 8. (canceled) The method of claim 7, wherein the solution furthermore comprises some surfactant.
- 9. (canceled)The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the nano-particle layer includes performing a charge deposition process, comprising the steps of:

  forming a patterned photoresist layer over the dielectric layer that exposes the contact opening;

immersing the substrate structure into an electroplating solution, wherein the electroplating solution contains dispersed conductive nano-particles; and performing an electroplating process using the substrate as an anode and a metallic electrode as a cathode to form the conductive nano-particle layer on the surface of the first conductive layer.

- 10. (canceled) The method of claim 9, wherein the electroplating solution furthermore comprises some surfactant.
- 11. (canceled) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming the nano-particle

layer includes performing a molecular self-assembly process, comprising the steps of:

immersing the substrate with a contact opening already formed thereon in a solution having self-assembly molecules so that the self-assembly molecules are adsorbed to the surface of the first conductive layer; and immersing the substrate in another solution, wherein the solution contains dispersed conductive nano-particles so that the nano-particles are adsorbed towards the layer of self-assembly molecules on the first conductive layer to form the conductive nano-particle layer.

- 12. (canceled) The method of claim 11, wherein the solution furthermore comprises some surfactant.
- 13. (original) A semiconductor device structure, comprising:
- a conductive layer formed on a substrate;
- a dielectric layer formed on the conductive layer;
- a contact formed in the dielectric layer, wherein the contact and the conductive layer are electrically connected; and
- a conductive nano-particle layer formed between the conductive layer and the contact.
- 14. (original) The semiconductor device structure of claim 13, wherein the conductive nano-particle layer comprises a metallic nano-particle layer.
- 15. (original) The semiconductor device structure of claim 13, wherein the

conductive nano-particle layer comprises a silicon nano-particle layer.

16. (original) The semiconductor device structure of claim 13, wherein conductive nano-particles in the conductive nano-particle layer bave an average size smaller than 100 nanometers.

17. (original) The semiconductor device structure of claim 13, wherein the conductive nano-particle layer comprises a nano-particle consolidated nano-particle film.

18. (original) The semiconductor device structure of claim 13, wherein material forming the conductive layer comprises aluminum.